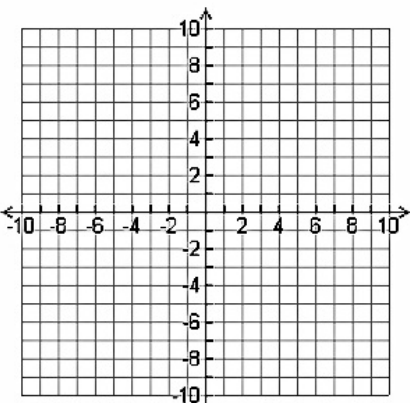
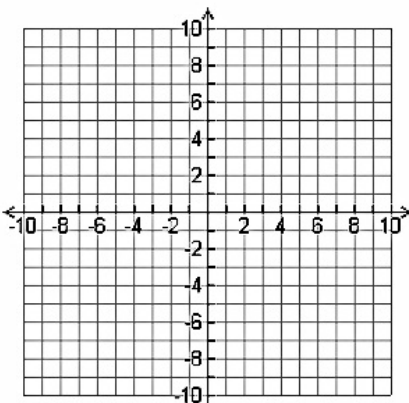


# 3.4 Practice

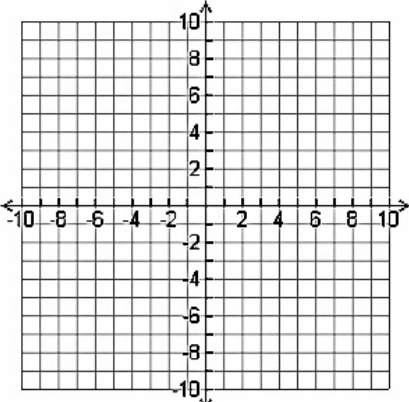
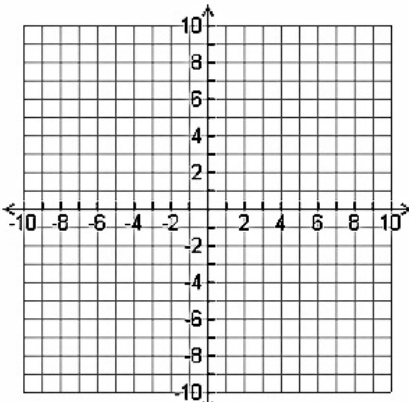
In Exercises 1–4, find the  $x$ - and  $y$ -intercepts of the graph of the linear equation.

1. $2x - 5y = 10$	2. $-3x + 5y = -30$
3. $-6x - 4y = 24$	4. $x - 5y = 10$

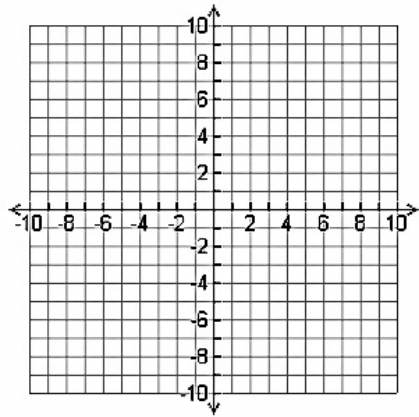
In Exercises 5–6, graph the linear equation.

<p>5. <math>y = 1</math></p> 	<p>6. <math>x = -2</math></p> 
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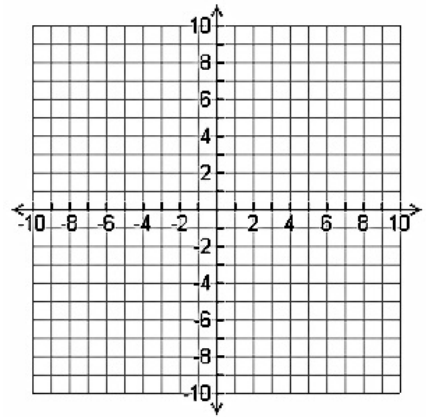
In Exercises 7–12, find the  $x$ - and  $y$ -intercepts. Then, use intercepts to graph the linear equation. Label the points corresponding to the intercepts.

<p>7. <math>2x + 4y = 8</math></p> 	<p>8. <math>3x + 2y = 12</math></p> 
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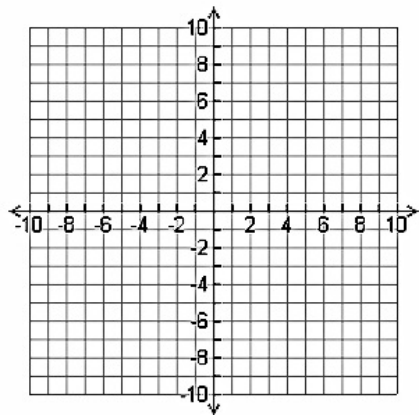
9.  $-5x + 2y = 20$



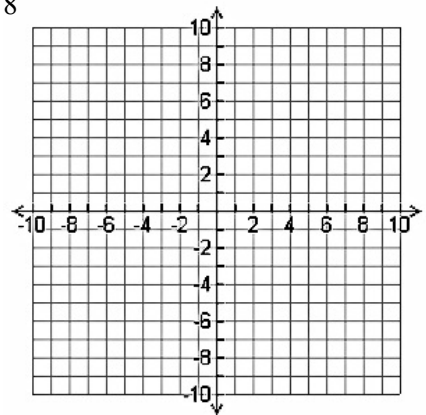
10.  $-4x + 4y = 20$



11.  $-3x + 4y = 24$

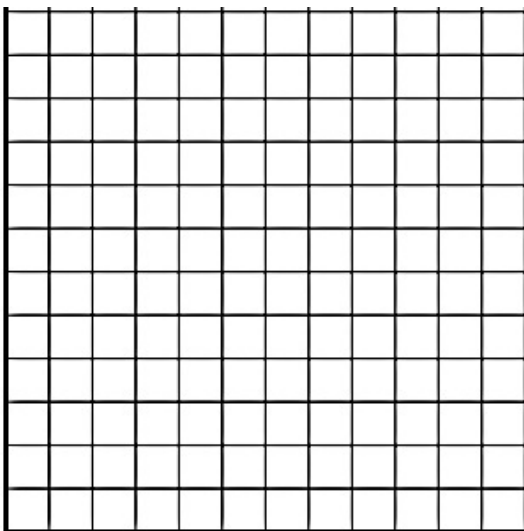


12.  $-2x + 6y = 18$



13. A dance team has two competitions on the same day. The coaches decide to split the 96-member team, sending some to each competition. Competition A requires four-member dance teams per event, and Competition B requires six-member dance teams per event. The equation  $4x + 6y = 96$  models this situation, where  $x$  is the number of four-member teams and  $y$  is the number of six-member teams.

- a. Graph the equation. Interpret the intercepts.



- b. Find four possible solutions in the context of the problem.